



# The Daily Union-Vedette.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, DEC. 7, 1864.

## To the Representatives of the People.

We commence to-day the publication of a series of articles from the pen of a gentleman of intelligence, on the important subject of the Laws of Utah. The first of the series opens well and breathes the right spirit. The acts and doings of public men are always a fair subject of just criticism, and nothing tends more to keep pure the stream of legislation than fair comment and candid exposition of the acts of the people's representatives. From a knowledge of the character and attainments of our correspondent, we feel assured that if his suggestions shall meet the consideration of the Legislature about to assemble, much good will result. We commend our correspondent to those deputed to speak and act for the people, as well as to the public themselves.

[COMMUNICATED.]

## The Laws of Utah.

No. 1.

The writer proposes to review the important laws of Utah as they are now found upon the statute book. He does not expect that his conclusions will please all classes of the community; but to the extent of his knowledge upon the subject, they will be correct and will not be characterized by prejudice or partiality. This series of articles will be given to the public with the single desire to accomplish equal and exact justice to all citizens and aliens residing within the Territorial limits—and, if any person after a perusal of any of the articles, dissents from the conclusions of the writer, and regards the subject of sufficient importance to publicly express that dissent, he will take pleasure in considering the argument advanced against his conclusions, if the arguments are made with gentlemanly words and in a spirit of liberal courtesy.

There are several strange and unusual laws enacted by the Territorial Legislature, which deserve a candid criticism. Probably in no other community could such a system of laws be enforced.

Governor Cummings directed the attention of the Legislature to them, and said that "they were passed under a condition of affairs which would soon cease to exist." It is a source of profound regret that any "condition of affairs" ever warranted their enactment. Governor Harding subsequently referred to them in detail, and his action in this respect was, no doubt, among the first causes originating the trouble between him and the Church leaders.

The law making power—composed exclusively of leading men of the Mormon faith—has thus far declined to take any action in the premises. May the hope be expressed, that with "the new order of things" more just and liberal laws will characterize the statute book of the Territory.

An assertion now about to be made, will not, in all probability, be accepted as a truth by a portion of the community—or if so accepted, will not be publicly admitted as a truth. The assertion is this: To understand the full effect and meaning of many of the laws of Utah, it is absolutely necessary to understand the Church polity; and without enlarging upon this assertion at the present time, the writer gives as his opinion—after more than two years of careful observation—that the Church, with its doctrines, covenants and "one man power" idea, is held up as being superior to any civil law enacted by man; hence the writer regards many of the laws of Utah as simply auxiliaries for the purpose of legalizing the practices and customs of the Mormon Church—nothing more and nothing less. This opinion, it is thought, will be entertained by the candid reader after a perusal of these articles.

It is a matter of surprise that many of these objectionable laws have been thus far unnoticed by Congress. This neglect becomes more culpable when it is well known that attention has been directed to them by nearly every Federal officer who has visited Utah.

The writer considers this much of a preface necessary before engaging his subject. The next article will be devoted to the Act incorporating the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter Day Saints.

## BY PACIFIC TELEGRAPH.

[SPECIAL TO THE DAILY UNION-VEDETTE.]

New York, Dec. 5th.

The Richmond Whig of the 20th says: It does not seem that our authorities have any suspicion of the effect that the movement of Hood would have; at least we judge so from the very feeble opposition which has thus far been made to the advance of Sherman. It is plain that he is moving to the coast, but so far has not been enabled to live upon the country. We think it probable that Sherman will reach the Atlantic comparatively in safety. His next move, in our opinion, will be by sea to Richmond.

Gov. Brown has pardoned all the convicts in the penitentiary, and put arms in their hands and sent them to the front, except those put in for life, whom he could not relieve according to law.

Heavy cannonading was heard all yesterday forenoon in the direction of Mexico. It is believed to be a battle between Sherman and our forces.

New York, Dec. 5th.

In the rebel Senate last Wednesday, resolutions denouncing the seizure of the Florida were introduced. They say it is the duty of the Brazilian Government to protect Confederate property within its Territory and demand the restoration of the ship, and to provide for the appointment of a Commissioner to Brazil on the subject; also for laying the facts before European Governments.

Mr. Foote, in the House, introduced a resolution that Congress cannot interfere with reference to the emancipation of slaves as suggested by Davis, and that though impolitic for the States to act separately in negotiations for peace, a right to do so naturally inheres in each one, and providing for the convention of delegates from each State to devise measures for the vigorous prosecution of the war in order to secure an early cessation of hostilities.

The Richmond Whig says: Price with a large army is within striking distance of Little Rock.

New York, Dec. 5th.

The Times' Nashville special of the 3d says the enemy's line of battle is just two miles from the city of Murfreesboro. Bridgeport and Chattanooga are deemed safe. Commodore Fitch has a fleet of gunboats here. Gen. Cheatham has his headquarters at the house of Mr. Edmonson, on the Murfreesboro pike, four miles from the city, and told me that Hood had orders to go to Nashville or to belt. The situation of our forces is considered perfectly satisfactory.

Washington, Dec. 5.

The Republican, in an extra publishes the following: By the arrival of a Government transport at Fortress Monroe last evening, the Government received advices from Sherman to the 2d of December. When the steamer left, information had reached Savannah that Sherman's advance cavalry was within six miles of the city. This don't conflict with the news brought by the steamer Belt, which arrived on Saturday night, that Savannah papers announced Sherman's army within forty miles of that city. Those papers don't state what date he was that distance from the city. A General recently from Savannah, informs us there are no important fortifications on the west side of Savannah.

Baltimore, Dec. 5th.

The American has the following special correspondence: Advices from Fortress Monroe of last evening, report the arrival of the steamer Gen. Lyon, with 750 released prisoners. At the time the Gen. Lyon left Savannah last Thursday, the news was to the effect that Gen. Sherman had occupied Millen, his cavalry scouting several miles from the town, with little resistance from the enemy, and every preparation was being made for the defence of Savannah. Our prisoners report that boys 13 years old, and even women are assisting in the trenches and earthworks. Sherman is slowly but surely advancing to the coast, and no doubt of his success need be entertained.

Washington, Dec. 5.

The House assembled at noon, the galleries were densely crowded, and all the members in the best of humor and exchanging salutations. The Speaker called the House to order, when a prayer was offered up to the throne of God by the Chaplain. The roll of members was called, and upwards of 150 answered to their names. A quorum was announced in attendance. A message was received from the Senate informing the House that a quorum in the Senate was assembled, and were ready to proceed to business. A resolution was adopted to inform the Senate that the President of the House was ready to proceed with business. The Senate was called to order at noon by Mr. Clark, of N. H., President pro tem. A prayer was then made by

the Chaplain, Mr. Bowman, of Indiana. Foote, of Vermont, offered a resolution that the Secretary of the Senate be instructed to inform the House that the Senate was ready to proceed with business; adopted.

New York, Dec. 5th.

Richmond papers discredit the reports that Grant is crossing men from the south to the north side, and say it is not on his right but on his left, that Grant meditates an early and heavy attack. Some important movement in the vicinity of the Dutch Gap Canal by monitors is also anticipated by Richmond editors.

Cincinnati, Dec. 5th.

Gen. Stanley, wounded in the battle at Franklin, arrived yesterday, and says the reports of the battle that have reached the public are not exaggerated. The first was made to save our trains, which were of large size and value, filling the road for twelve miles. It was not the intention to hold Franklin longer than was necessary to get our property out of the way. The rebels had been pressing us very hard from Columbia, and at one time we were in great danger. Hood lost his opportunity in not attacking in force at Spring Hill. Schofield's army consisted of the 4th and 23d corps, together with a few regiments who had recently entered the service. They left Pulaski November 23d, and were so closely pressed that it was feared at one time that the artillery wagon train would be abandoned, but by good management all were brought through safely. Stanley has been in nearly all the battles in Tennessee and Georgia, and says that the musketry fire at Franklin was for an hour the most intense he ever witnessed. In addition, we had twenty-eight guns in the action and having full sweep of the rebel columns.

The Commercial's Nashville dispatch says: Murfreesboro, Bridgeport and Chattanooga are safe. Nashville and the surrounding country for miles has been transformed into a huge fort, and the destruction of rebel property in defense of the city is immense. Almost all the rich property holders hereabouts are rebel sympathizers. The advance of the rebel army necessitated the destruction of their property. The Federal position is perfectly satisfactory.

Louisville, Dec. 5th.

The Morning Journal contains the following: Nashville, 4th. Nothing special of interest has transpired along the lines of our army that was used at different points against the rebels, who are engaged in erecting breastworks within half a mile of ours. Prisoners brought in to day say that Brigadier Gens. Gist, Strahl, Grambran and Brown, of the rebel army, were killed at Franklin.

Gen. Burbridge with his command has reached Bean station. Breckinridge apparently declines a battle, and has fallen back towards Virginia. Stoneman will if necessary, aid his movement in that direction.

New York, Dec. 5th.

Richmond papers of Saturday say the Yankees who landed at Port Royal moved into the interior with the expectation of meeting Sherman, encountered a body of Confederate troops at Grahamsville, and the enemy were badly beaten and driven from the field, leaving their dead on the ground. The following dispatch was received, dated yesterday at Savannah: We have just returned from the front. The enemy is badly whipped and had retired to Coosawatchie. Another point on the railroad is threatened by them, but I do not apprehend any serious attack. Signed: BRAGG.

Washington, Dec. 5th.

The news from Savannah received here to-day from southern sources, leaves no room for doubt that Sherman has succeeded in reaching the coast with his entire army.

The Tribune's special says the rebels have just opened a new battery near Ft. Darling, raking the channel from Dutch Gap up.

Washington, Dec. 5th.

Both Houses of Congress to-day appointed committees to wait upon the President and inform him they were ready to receive any communications he might be pleased to make. They adjourned before the committee had time to return with the answer, it being understood among the members, that the message would be sent in to day, and ascertained from one of the committee that the President informed them he would transmit it to Congress to-morrow at 10 o'clock.

New York, Dec. 6th.

Richmond newspapers of Saturday last contain accounts of the recent rebel raid on the Baltimore & Ohio railroad. Gen. Rosser is said to have been in command, and it is stated that he captured at New Creek and Piedmont, 800 prisoners, 8 canon, 200 wagons and ambulances, 800 small arms, 150 horses, 1,500 head of cattle, and a great amount of other

property. The capture of Charlestown, Western Virginia, by the rebel cavalry last Tuesday night, is also claimed. A successful raid on East Tennessee by Unionists in Western North Carolina on the 20th ult. is reported.

The Richmond Enquirer of the 3d says: We believe it is true that Sherman's army had reached Millen and separated into two columns, one moving towards the Savannah river, and another turning back towards Augusta. The latter column movement is without a doubt intended as a feint to protect his rear from attack.

The Augusta Register of Nov. 27th, says the news of yesterday was very interesting from up the Georgia road, and we learn the enemy's raiding parties approached very near if not quite to Warrenton. Scouts report them as being near that place, and from all we can learn they were in small parties. We regard that this appearance of the enemy is no indication of the presence of the main body. Such movements are doubtless intended to feel our strength and cover the real direction of their march.

The Richmond Sentinel of the 3d says it was reported yesterday that Gen. Hardee had attacked the enemy and driven them some distance, leaving their dead and wounded in our hands. This evidently has no reference to the already reported fight at Gordonsville, S. C.

Rebel official and newspaper accounts admit all that has been claimed on the Union side, of the complete success of Gregg's raid on the Weldon railroad on Thursday last. Serious damage to Lee's army is conceded, as the effects of it, and it is thought to have been of even more military importance than the immediate losses sustained by the rebels in the destruction of property and the capture of prisoners.

Richmond papers say that firing by rebel guns on the Dutch Gap Canal, last week, was merely for experimental practice to ascertain what damage they can inflict on our monitors if they attempt to pass through it. It is said that Grant's men in front of Petersburg are preparing winter quarters.

New York, Dec. 6th.

The Tribune's special from the army of the Shenandoah of the 4th says: An important cavalry expedition under Gen. Merritt, which has been absent a week in Loudon valley, has returned. They brought away about 2,000 head of cattle, sheep and hogs, and have left the whole country through which they passed, without hay or forage of any kind. All barns containing hay have been burned, and the haunts of Mosby and his gang have been thoroughly cleaned out. A few rebel prisoners were taken, and the party was followed and attacked by bushwhackers at various points, but met with no serious opposition. The results of this raid in renovating the valley, which has been a lurking place for Mosby's and other guerrillas, is most important, and will greatly increase their difficulties in subsisting in that country.

The Savannah Republican of the 20th says: The rebel loss in the Griswoldville fight was in all 164.

Rebel advices indicate that Sherman has made little or no progress with his main body for the last day or two. He is still on the railroad some distance beyond Millen, apparently replenishing his commissaries. The men and animals must be terribly jaded by this time, and little prepared to meet troubles to come.

Another fight is reported between Wheeler and Kilpatrick on the 27th ult., in which the latter was decently thrashed.

The Richmond Examiner of the 3d says: The news from Georgia is encouraging, and if Sherman gets through now—which is doubtful—he will lose half of his army.

Cairo, Dec. 6th.

The Federals have been withdrawn from Johnsonville, Tenn., and Government stores are removed. No transports or gunboats were above the town when it was evacuated, and the river is now wholly abandoned.

A SOLDIER AUTHOR.—A. F. Hill, a soldier of the Army of the Potomac, who has been in all the battles in which that army engaged, up to Antietam, where he lost his left leg, has written a book entitled "Our Boys." Unable to serve his country longer in the field, he has done all in his power for it at home by writing this work in its behalf. It is well written, and interesting. Mr. Hill has the book for sale, and it may be had at all bookstores. A generous public should aid this crippled hero.—Foney's War Press.

A WONDERFUL DISCOVERY.—A Lieutenant Tols, who is now in this city, we learn that a remarkable cave has just been discovered in the mountains, ten miles north of Fort Ruby. He had heard about two months since that there was a large quantity of water issuing from the mountain in that vicinity, and determined, if possible, to learn from whence it came. In company with several brother officers from the Fort, he started out on a tour of inspection: On the side of the mountain they discovered a hole two feet wide and three and a half feet high, from which a sufficient quantity of water came to run a good sized overshot wheel. Near by, and a short distance higher up, were two other holes. They procured a skiff, and by turning it on its edge managed to get it in one of the holes and work it down into the channel of water below. They then got in the boat and commenced exploring this strange lake and cave. The water was twenty feet in width and six feet in depth where they started in, with high walls of limestone on either side; but as the party proceeded on their singular journey it increased in size and grandeur, and having an ample supply of candles which were lighted, it presented a magnificent sight. The water increased to a depth of twenty feet and to one hundred feet in width, and was as clear as crystal. The bottom could be easily discerned with the light of a single candle. Numerous sand bars were seen in various places, the sand being fine and dark. The ceiling, or arch, is nearly fifty feet high, except in one place, where it comes down so near the water that they had to stoop in order to get past it in the boat. They went in about half a mile, and found no indications of coming to a stopping place. They could find no bottom at that point. It is the intention of the Lieutenant to explore it further on his return. The atmosphere in the cave was mild and pleasant and a candle burns brilliantly. This may eventually prove to be as celebrated as the Mammoth cave in Kentucky, and have its hundreds of thousands of admiring and curious visitors.—R. K. Reville.

TRIED BY THE MILITARY AUTHORITIES.—In the case of Moore, who was injured by the head of the Provost Guard column wheeling to the right, Gen. Mason in correspondence with Chief Burke has established the precedent, that all soldiers who may have committed any offence against the laws of the State are to be tried by military court-martial, and that the civil authorities will not be permitted to arrest the offender. The action is taken under section 3 of an act approved March 3d, 1863.

JAS. M. THURMOND,  
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW.  
Office at Oriental Hotel, up stairs.  
Particular attention given to Criminal Business.  
All Legal Instruments drawn up on the shortest notice.

M. BERGER. I. MORRIS.  
PROVISION MARKET!

The undersigned having procured a stall in the  
NEW CITY MARKET,  
Will keep constantly on hand a good stock of  
CHOICE FRUITS, GROCERIES,  
BUTTER, EGGS, POULTRY AND  
PRODUCE OF ALL KINDS,  
Which we will sell at prices to suit the times.  
MORRIS & BERGER.

## Local Matters.

**MARRIAGE.**—Nov. 2nd, in Bannack City, California, at the residence of the bride's father, by Rev. Dr. Peck, Wm. Gilbert to Miss Mollie Taylor. Exchange.

So, William, you have gone and done it. We've seen it in print, and more than that, we've seen the bridal blushes mantling the fair cheeks of Mollie Gilbertest Taylor, since you brought your young wife to her new home in this saintly land of sage brush and salt.

We extract the above announcement from an exchange, to congratulate the loving pair on the new and holy relations opened by them, and to express the unanimous wish of the whole community, who have long known the bridegroom, that every happiness of life may be theirs. Mr. Gilbert is known to us all here, as one of our most public spirited and prosperous merchants, and gives the best of all evidence of his interest in this section of the country by bringing hither to reside among us, his charming and accomplished bride. May the youthful pair float down the stream of Time hand in hand, with the current as fair and smooth as Love's young dream, amid flowers and perennial verdure to cheer them on.

We did hope to dance at that wedding but, William, we "accept your apology" now that you are indeed "Benedict, the married man."

From the present indications of the weather, we may expect but little regularity in the receipt of our mail matter from the East this winter. Although every one settles down in a grumbling mood, and "will not be comforted," yet this morning "seemeth" to us inconsistent and uncharitable. From recent information we are convinced of the almost impossibility for the coaches to make their way—the snow has been not only premature this season, but it has descended to an unusual depth. It is hardly just for us while seated at our comfortable fires, to so loudly condemn the enterprising proprietor of the Overland Route. The obstacles with which he has to contend are not easily surmounted, and it would fittingly become us, while enjoying the luxury and solid comfort of our home firesides, to cast a charitable thought towards the sufferings and difficulties of the stage driver while on his "freezing way."

We give below one of the many similar communications which has been by us received, and we would respectfully request an impartial investigation by the Agent of postal matters for this Territory. That the *VEDETTE* should be delayed and other newspapers meet with no interruption in transmittal, seems a mystery!

**BANNAK CITY, Nov. 27th, 1864.**  
**EDITOR VEDETTE:**—We have received your valuable paper by but one coach of the last four arriving from Salt Lake City. It is very evident that there is "a screw loose some where," and as we feel very much like blaming some one when coach after coach comes in, bringing no letters and no telegraph news, we would ask you in self protection, to direct our attention to the proper object; and you can assure the party to blame in the case that they will hear from us again if occasion should require. Respectfully, yours,  
NUMEROUS SUBSCRIBERS IN BANNAK.

**PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE.**—We received a few lines of the President's message last evening, when the telegraph lines went down, east of Omaha. We shall be able to present it in full to our readers to-morrow morning.

Upwards of 24 inches of rain has fallen in this valley within 60 hours.

## WANTED.

A good second hand Melodeon, from four to five Octavo. Any person having a Melodeon, in good order, and wishing to dispose of the same for a liberal price, can do so by applying at the *VEDETTE* Office, or to Mr. L. W. A. Cole, Carrier. A liberal price will be paid.  
23 Terms Cash.

## BOUNTIES! BOUNTIES!!

The Highest Price Paid for  
**CALIFORNIA BOUNTIES,**  
AT THE  
**San Francisco Clothing House.**

nov24  
**AARON NEWFIELD.**

## NOTICE!!

OFFICE OF THE PACIFIC TELEGRAPH CO.,  
Great Salt Lake City, Nov. 7, 1864.  
**JOHN A. CREIGHTON, Esq.,** Virginia City, Montana Territory is appointed Agent for this Company. All dispatches will be handed to and forwarded by him, and all received at this Office will be sent to him for delivery. He is supplied with book and tariffs, and a y arrangement for newspaper or gold reports for that point, can be made with him.  
**G. W. CARLETON, Manager.**

## MAY FLOWER SALOON.

THE undersigned having newly purchased and fitted up the above Saloon, respectfully solicits the patronage of his friends and the public, as they are always prepared to supply them with the finest brands of

**Wines, Liquors and Cigars.**

**HOT AND COLD DRINKS**

got up in the

**FINEST STYLE.**

**DICK BROWN & JERRY O'HERRIN, Prop's.**

## UNITED STATES SALOON.

**W. L. SHOLES, Proprietor.**

This is the FIRST and OLDEST established House in

**SALT LAKE CITY.**

If you wish the BEST DRINK, cold or hot, call at this house.

If you wish the BEST COCKTAIL, call at this house.

If you wish to smoke the BEST CIGAR, call at this house.

If you wish to read the LATEST NEWS, call at this house.

If you wish to be TREATED LIKE A GENTLEMAN, call at this house.

**A GOOD FIRE**

always kept at this House; also, a fine

**OYSTER AND LUNCH ROOM,**

where everybody can be served on the shortest notice by **CHARL Y TURNER** or **MR. ANGELL.**

Lunch Room open day and night, also on Sundays.

Saloon Hours from 4 o'clock in the morning until 10 at night. o25tf

## NEW STORE! NEW STORE!!

**ELLIS & BROTHERS**

Have just received a full and complete assortment of

**General Merchandise,**

consisting in part of

**STAPLE & FANCY DRY GOODS.**

**MILLINERY GOODS IN VARIETY,**

Ladies', Misses' and Children's Hats,

Embroideries of all descriptions,

Cassimere and Berage Shawls,

Ladies', Misses and Children's Shoes,

Yankee Notions, etc., etc.

Also, a full assortment of Gentlemen's

**Ready Made Clothing,**

**Gent's Furnishing Goods,**

Hats and Caps of all prices and qualities,

Boots and shoes of the best manufacture,

California blankets of various shades,

Straw matting, Window shades, etc.

And a full and complete assortment of

**HARDWARE AND CUTLERY**

**Rope of all sizes, Glass and Queens**

**ware, Stationery and Blank**

**Books, Dye Stuffs, etc.,**

All of which we offer for sale, wholesale and retail, at prices cheaper than the cheapest, taking as our motto

**Small Profits and Quick Sales.**

One of our firm residing in the market city, our facilities are such that we shall constantly be in receipt of new goods, which we will endeavor always to purchase with a view open to the requirements and to the advantage of this community.

Give us a call before purchasing elsewhere and we assure you that you will be satisfied.

Polliteness, strict attention, and Accommodation to Customers, will always be the order of the day.

All kinds of Produce taken in exchange for goods.

Our place of business is on the west side of East Temple street, (Main street.)

o25tf  
**ELLIS & BROTHERS.**

## WANTED.

A SINGLE OR DOUBLE SEAT SLEIGH, FOR which a fair price will be paid. Apply soon at the U. S. Quartermaster's Office, Provost Guard quarters, Salt Lake City.  
Capt. D. B. STOVER.

**G. Rosenbaum, L. Newman,**

**GREAT SALT LAKE CITY**

**MEAT MARKET.**

**ROSENBAUM & NEWMAN**

**TAKE PLEASURE IN ANNOUNCING**

**TO THE PUBLIC THAT**

**THEY HAVE**

**Now Opened**

**THE**

**LARGEST MEAT STALL IN THE CITY,**

**WHERE THE**

**Choicest Meats**

**Will Always be on Hand:**

**BEEF,**

**PORK,**

**MUTTON,**

**VEAL,**

**LAMB,**

**PORK SAUSAGE, HEAD CHEESE,**

**LIVER SAUSAGE,**

**CORNER BEEF,**

**CORNER PORK,**

**PICKLED TONGUE,**

**TRIPE,**

**BRAINS,**

**SWEET BREADS,**

**And everything in the business.**

**THE** patronage of the Public is respectfully solicited for this establishment.

Every effort will be made to gratify the wishes of customers, and orders sent by the young will have the same prompt attention.

**WE INVITE INSPECTION.**

**N. B.—Purchasers will have their Meats sent to any part of the City**

**FREE OF CHARGE!**  
**ROSENBAUM & NEWMAN.**  
Nov. 16th, 1864.

## ARRIVAL OF NEW GOODS!

**N. S. RANSOHOFF & CO.**

**PRINTING**

**NEW STORE,**

**OPPOSITE THE**

**Overland Stage Line Office,**

Where they will offer for sale, one of the

**Largest**

**And**

**Best**

**Assorted**

**STOCK**

**OF**

**MERCHANDISE**

Ever brought to this City.

**We shall have**

**Everything that is to be Found.**

**IN A**

**FIRST CLASS STORE.**

**—**

**We shall also keep the store we now occupy,**

Where we will always have on hand a

**Fine and Well**

**ASSORTED STOCK**

**OF**

**Clothing and Furnishing**

**Goods.**

**—**

**Liberal Deduction Made**

**to**

**COUNTRY DEALERS.**

**—**

**Flour, Grain and other Produce taken on, for which the shipping price will be allowed.**  
**N. S. RANSOHOFF & CO.**

## ORIENTAL RESTAURANT.

(On the San Francisco Road)  
South west corner, Main & 2d South Temple Sts.  
**SALT LAKE CITY.**  
**STEELE, ROGERS & CO., Proprietors.**

**WE** are now prepared to accommodate all those who extend to us their patronage.

**MEALS AT ALL HOURS,**

From 5 1/2 A. M. to 12 1/2 P. M. Our tables will be always supplied with the

**Best the Market Affords.**

Ball parties accommodated on the shortest notice.

**CALIFORNIA HOTEL.**

**State Street, Salt Lake City.**

One and a-half blocks south of Theater.

THE subscriber having leased, re-modeled and fitted up in good style the house of R. M. East, is now fully prepared to accommodate any number of guests with first class

**Boarding and Lodging.**

The table will be always supplied with the

**Best the market affords.**

25 Pleasant rooms, clean and comfortable beds, etc.

**M. MASTERS & MASON, Proprietors.**

**FRESH ARRIVALS.**

**NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!**

**—AT—**

**SIEGEL & CO.'S**

**CLOTHING HALL,**

**Cor. Main and 1st South Temple St.,**

**Great Salt Lake City.**

**WE** have on hand the most complete assortment of

**FALL AND WINTER**

**Ready Made Clothing**

**AND**

**GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS**

ever brought into this Territory, consisting of every variety of

**OVER-COATS (with and without Capes)**

**DRESS COATS OF ALL STYLES,**

**PANTS,**

**VESTS,**

**SHIRTS,**

**HATS,**

**CAPS,**

**BOOTS,**

**SHOES,**

**BLANKETS, ETC.**

together with a splendid assortment of notions of all kinds, which we will sell at prices that will

**DEFY COMPETITION,**

in order to make room for more

**GOODS ON THE ROAD.**

Liberal advantages offered to

**Country Dealers.**

Members of the

**Cor. Main and 1st South Temple St.**

**n14tf**

**SIEGEL & CO.**

**NOTICE**

**Jordan Silver Mining Company,**

**West Mountain Mining District,**

**Utah Territory.**

**NOTICE** is hereby given, that in accordance with the laws of California, under which the Company is incorporated, and the By-Laws of the Company, there will be sold at public auction, on Wednesday, the 5th day of October, 1864, at 3 o'clock, P. M., at the Secretary's Office, (Telegraph Office) Great Salt Lake City, so many shares of the capital stock of the Company, standing in the names of the following persons, as will be necessary to pay all assessments due thereon, together with costs of advertising and sale:

No.	No.	No.	Certs.	Sh res.	Ass'ts.	Am't.
Daniel McLean,	273	20	2,345.6		\$210.00	
N. B. Eldred,	273	20	2,345.6		\$210.00	
R. Washburn,	224	5	4.5		\$7.50	
L. H. Willard,	243	1	4.5		\$7.50	
unknown,	272,230	7			\$17.50	

By order of the Board of Trustees,  
**GEO. W. CARLETON,**  
Secretary.

Salt Lake City, Sept. 2, '64.

The above sale is postponed to November 12th, next.

**GEO. W. CARLETON, Secy.**

Salt Lake City, Oct. 4, 1864.

The above sale is postponed until December 15th, 1864.

**G. W. CARLETON,**

Salt Lake City, Nov. 24, '64.

Secretary.

**THE AMERICAN CONSCIENCE.**—The *Albion*, whose editor assumes the office of representing the majesty of all England in this country, should remember that courtesy is one of the attributes which the Power he attempts to impersonate prides herself upon. The *Albion* is not an official paper, nor its editor an official personage, we know; but he acts as though he were, and makes himself the mouth-piece of his countrymen in America. He has an undoubted right, on his own account, to be as gruff as any specimen of John Bull that ever came across the ocean to better his fortunes; but speaking in behalf of his countrymen, he should consider himself bound to ordinary rules of courtesy which prevail among gentlemen. If there are *Lairds* and *Glanricardes* in England, we do not forget that there are also *Goldwin Smiths* and *Argyles*. We do not think that the *Albion* is true to its mission in its habitual tone toward the people of this country. In its last week's issue the editor closes a brief leader thus:

"We will not insult the reader's intelligence by citing instances. They will occur to his memory by the score, and to the consciences of our American brethren—if they have any."

If Americans have no consciences, they have at least a consciousness of studied intent on the part of certain John Bulls never to omit any opportunity of saying or doing an ungracious or irritating thing, from the fitting out of a rebel privateer to the uttering of a small sentiment.—*N. Y. Independent.*

**SPIRIT RAPPINGS.**—Not a hundred miles from here was an impromptu display in the rapping line. It was on the occasion of a funeral in the neighborhood that a mischievous boy, occupying a house with his mother and a lady boarder, secreted himself in a room adjacent to where the two ladies were ruminating on the uncertainty of human life, and then on the partition gave repeated raps, at short intervals. The younger of the ladies was startled, and declared the house was haunted, but soon summoning courage to the sticking point, said: "If there be spirits here, manifest it by three raps." Mischievous gave three with a vim, when the younger lady ran out doors, followed by the boy's mother, who happened to have a large knife in her hand at the moment. Both, with arms extended in the air, flew to the roadside, where their demonstrations stopped some teamsters who were passing, they thinking the woman with the knife was pursuing the other with murderous intent. On facts being made known to them, the teamsters entered the house with the ladies and soon succeeded in unhousing the young author of this practical joke.—*Shasta Courier.*

**AN APT HYMN.**—A rebel soldier writes to a rebel paper the following story:

Our minister nearly got himself into a scrape, the other day, and whether he is "a bit of a wag," or a very careless fellow, or "an Abolition traitor," is now the subject of discussion with us. At the meeting on Fast Day, he gave out Dr. Watt's hymn, commencing:

"And are we wretches yet alive,  
And do we yet rebel?  
The wondrous, the amazing grace,  
That we are out of hell."

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And a well selected assortment of

Fancy, and Toilet Articles,

Such as

Hair Brushes,  
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September 24, 1864.

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